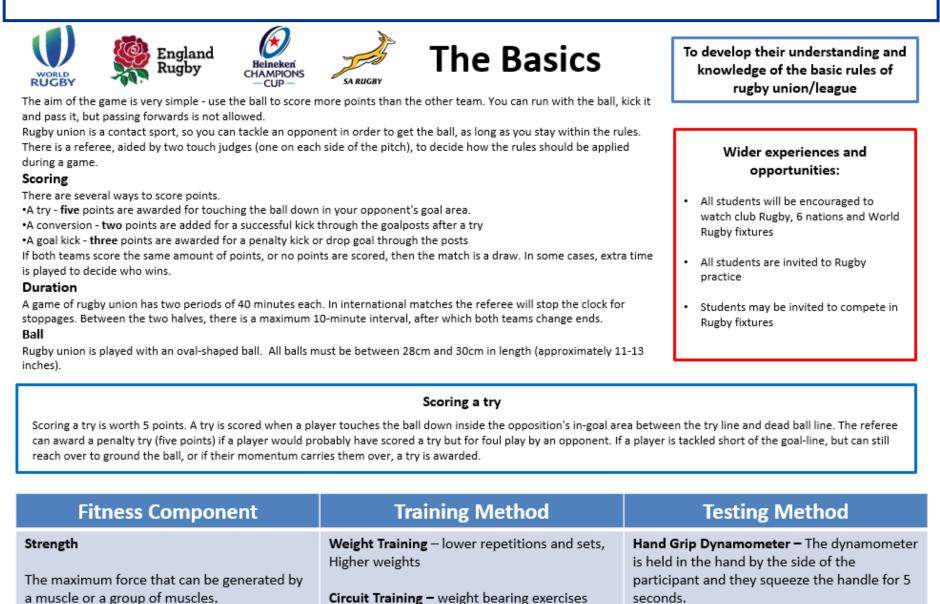


Year 8 Rugby - How do we abide by the rules play successfully in Rugby?





AGE	Weak	Normal	Strong
10-11	< 12.6	12.6-22.4	> 22.4
12-13	< 19.4	19.4-31.2	> 31.2



Year 8 Rugby - How do we abide by the rules play successfully in Rugby?



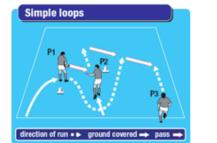
Passing the ball

Rugby union is one of the few ball games where the ball cannot be passed forwards. That means a player moving towards the opposition's dead ball line must pass the ball to a team-mate either along or behind an imaginary line running at right angles to the side of the pitch.

Loop pass

The loop pass involves the player running or looping behind the player they pass the ball to in order to receive it back the following side.

This is the loop pass. It involves the first player running or "looping" around the player he just passed the ball to receive the ball again. The player can loop around any amount of players to receive the ball.



Kicking

If a player chooses not to pass the ball to a team mate or run with it, that player may kick the ball instead. The kick can travel forwards, but any team mates in front of the ball at the moment the ball is kicked are out of play until either they retire behind the kicker or are played onside by a team mate.

Retaining possession of the ball following a kick is a challenge. There are different kicking strategies including grubber kicks and up and unders.

The Skills



Kicking – Up and Under

This is your chance to really give the ball some welly. It's height, not distance that counts here, you need to put the ball as high up into the air as you can. The more hang time, the more chance for your team to get under the ball - and the more pressure on the opposition.

You can't just sit back and admire your fancy footwork once the ball has left your boot. Any team-mates in front of you when you kick the ball will be offside so you must run forward to put them onside. An up and under is sometimes called a **Garryowen** after the team in Ireland who used it all the time.



Transferrable Skills

Communication is needed between a team to ensure that everyone is on the same page and knows what to do.

Kicking - Grubber

A grubber kick is a low kick along the ground usually used in attacking situations close to the opposition try line. Use it to put the ball behind the opposition as they're coming towards you. That way, you force them to stop and turn. And with the ball on the floor, even a covering defender will find it awkward to collect. It should be a short, shallow kick over or around your opponent. Then once the ball's left your boot, be prepared to follow up and gather it.

The Lineout

The line-out is another awesome sight in rugby union. It is a way of restarting play after the ball has been knocked or kicked out of play past the touch line.

The line-out consists of three to eight players from each side, up to 16 in total, and is taken where the ball went out of play.

The aim of each player is simply to get their hands on the ball for their team.

