

CURIOSITY

COMPASSION

COURAGE



			Creative Media			
	Term 1 Aug-Oct	Term 2 Nov-Dec	Term 3 Jan-Feb	Term 4 Mar-Apr	Term 5 Apr-May	Term 6 Jun-Jul
Year 10:	Introduction to component 1. Learners will be introduced to different media sectors within the media industry https://www.bbc.co.uk/bit esize/guides/zqrdxsg/revisi on/1	<u>Component 1</u> Learners will be introduced to genre, narrative structures and representations within media products <u>https://www.bbc.co.uk</u> /bitesize/guides/zs8s9 gt/revision/1	Component 1 Learners will be introduced to technical codes within media products https://media.codes/media-codes- and-conventions-c03423c06aa8	Assessment Component 1 Students will have 10 hours to complete component 1 assessment https://quizlet.com/gb/403 803884/media-product- meaning-flash-cards/	Introduction to Component 2 Students will be introduced to research skills within a chosen media sector. https://www.my marketresearchm ethods.com/prim ary-secondary- market-research- difference/	Component 2 Students will be introduced to planning within media products https://www.youtube.co m/watch?v=Q_sKxTmUq3 Y
Year 11	Component 2 Students practice producing their chosen media product. <u>https://www.youtube.com</u> /watch?v=pMkfPWVnICI	Assessment Component 2 Students will have 10 hours to complete component 2 assessment	Introduction to Component 3 Student will be introduced to component 3. Students will practice their initial ideas. https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=jE5IrilhEqw	<u>Component 3</u> Students will practice creating planning documents for a media product. <u>https://www.youtube.com/</u> <u>watch?v=Q_sKxTmUq3Y</u>	Component 3 Students will practice creating a media product <u>https://www.yout</u> <u>ube.com/watch?v</u> <u>=pMkfPWVnICI</u>	Assessment Component 3 Students will have 10 hours to complete component 3 assessment

	CURIOSITY	COMPASSION Curriculum overview	COURA	GE			
Subject		Yea	ar group	KS4			
Vision statement:	At Landau Forte our curriculum exists to ensure all students regardless of background and ability have the opportunity to unlock their potential. We are committed to students being challenged from their previous key stage learning experiences. Our broad and balanced curriculum is ambitious, coherently planned and sequenced, and will provide the platform for preparing students with the foundations for examination success.						
	Our Curriculum Intent has been informed by a wide variety of researchers and is steeped in evidence based research. Christine Counsell summarises the aspiration of our curriculum to empower all learners creating a pathway to success in university, their career and life:						
		e the pupil new power. One acid test for a curriculum is whethe educated people, so that they gain powers of the powerful.'	r it enables even lower at	ttaining or disadvanta	aged pupils		
	As well as excellent academic success we aim to ensure our students leave us as polite and well-rounded young adults. Our new core values of Compassion, Courage and Curiosity are currently being embedded throughout our curriculum offer to ensure we continue to meet our social, emotional, spiritual and moral obligations.						
Curriculum intent:	Our vision for the Media Curriculum at Landau Forte is to prepare learners for the society we envision for tomorrow, to enable learners to become curious, intelligent consumers of the mass media. We aim to foster an understanding of the media's power to influence, shape and define our concepts of identity, reality and social values. We want learners to be courageous in challenging aspects of media and take responsibility for their media consumption habits and help them understand the effects of their choices. We want our learners to use compassion to view aspects of media in the lens of others. Lastly, we aim to empower and inspire learners to express themselves through construction of creative, original and thought-provoking media products.						
Threshold Concepts (TCs):	 Film Threshold Concepts TC1 – A LFAT Media and Film student will demonstrate knowledge and understanding of key elements of media products within different sectors: a) Genre and narrative b) Cinematography, mise-en-scene and sound 						
	 TC2 – A LFAT media student will write analytically how producers use elements of production techniques to create meaning TC3 – A LFAT Media student will identify representations in text and explain how and why they are constructed TC4 – A LFAT Media student will demonstrate an understanding of the context of texts - social, cultural, historical, political, institutional, technological TC5 – A LFAT Media student will demonstrate the skills and knowledge of filmmaking a practical production and evaluate original intentions TC6 – A LFAT Media student will understand key developments in media products 						
KS2 National Curriculum summary:	N/A						

	CURIOSITY		COMPASSION		COURAGE	
Learner skills:	Critical thinking	Organisation	Collaboration	Adaptability ADAPTABILITY	Oracy Oracy ORACY	Self-quizzing
YEAR 10 Big picture questions:	Term 1 Aug-Oct What are the different sectors within the media industry?	Term 2 Nov-Dec What is the purpose and target audience of media products?	Term 3 Jan-Feb What are the narrative structures, genre conventions, representations and characterisations used in the moving image sector?	Term 4 Mar-Apr How are production techniques applied within the moving image sector?	Term 5 Apr-May How successful was the c in meeting generic conve	-
Content (Linked to TCs):	Students will study the different media sectors within the media industry. These include moving image, publishing and interactive. (TC1/TC2)	Students will learn about the different target audience groups and be able to identify primary and secondary audiences for different media products. (TC1/TC2/TC4)	Students will learn about generic conventions and how these can be found in different products within the same genre. Students will study narrative theory and characterisation by Vladimir Propp.	Students will learn how to analyse media products and the meaning created. (TC5/TC6)	Learners will learn how to media products and how achieved the application o (TC2/TC6)	well media producers
Key vocabulary:	audio/moving image products, e.g. TV programmes, films, music videos, animations, advertisements,	o defining primary and secondary audiences, e.g. gender, age, socio- economic groupings, lifestyle profiles o audience statistics, e.g. box office figures,	Narrative, to include: o storytelling, e.g. story and plot in a film, inverted pyramid in a newspaper article, visual representations to reinforce the text on an app	Audio/moving image media products: o camerawork, e.g. set-up, framing, shot type/length, angle, movement o mise en scène, e.g. sets, props, lighting, costume, blocking, production design	Reinforcement of conven Challenging conventions Subversion	tions



CURIOSITY

COMPASSION

COURAGE



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	radio broadcasts,	circulation, sales, hits,	o narrative structures, e.g.	o use of sound, e.g. diegetic and	
	podcasts	subscriptions,	linear, non-linear, circular,	non-diegetic, sound effects,	
	o print products,	followers	interactive, open/closed,	voiceovers, dialogue,	
	e.g. newspapers,	o situation, e.g. the effect	single/multi-strand	music, sound bridges, audio beds,	
	magazines,	of where, when and with	o point of view (POV), e.g.	aural motifs, ambient sound,	
	comics,	whom the audience	third-person narrator in a	silence	
	brochures,	engages	radio documentary,	o editing techniques, e.g.	
	advertisements	with a media product	editorial in a newspaper,	continuity, montage, flashbacks,	
	o interactive	o audience involvement,	first-person shooter	transitions, synchronising,	
	media products,	e.g. using interactive	computer game	pace, rhythm, flow, tone, balance	
	e.g. websites,	features, online voting,	o characterisation, e.g.	o effects, e.g. audio effects, visual	
	mobile apps,	consumer-generated	character functions in film,	effects, motion graphics.	
	interactive	content, passive audiences	print advertisements,		
	magazines,	o audience responses, e.g.	computer games		
	mobile games,	preferred, negotiated and	o themes, e.g. dystopia in		
	video games,	oppositional readings	science fiction films, identity		
	online games,	o audience uses and	in music magazines,		
	advertisements.	gratifications, e.g.	apocalypse in zombie games		
		information,	o setting, e.g. location in a		
		entertainment, escapism,	film, photographs in a		
		personal identity, social	magazine, open-world		
		interaction.	diegesis		
			of a computer game		
			o mode of address, e.g.		
			formal style of TV news, the		
			direct address of a magazine		
			cover, the informal address		
			of a computer game.		
			Representation of people,		
			places, issues and events, to		
			include:		
			o audience positioning and		
			perspective		
			o audience identification		
			o use of stereotyping		
			o positive and negative		
			representations.		



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COMPASSION					COM PAS		
Assessment:	Questioning Knowledge quiz	Practice assessment 1	Practice assessment 2	Practice assessment 3	Summative assessment		
Key/Historical misconception s in this unit:							
Sequencing:	to be aware of the	e different sectors and produ	cts within each sector. Learners	s need to be able to analyse media (ne media industry historically and recent. Learners nee products in depth. This then follows on to the various knowledge and skills within the media field.		
Values	Compassion: Lear	tion of media texts provided ning about different groups o solving through analysis	-				
National Curriculum plus:	In addition to teaching the statutory elements of the national curriculum We encourage participation in the lighting/sound of our school production – we also watch the production and evaluate the mise-en-scene, lighting and sound choices.						
	We provide a film club encouraging students to watch and critique an array of films from various genres. We encourage students to attend online seminars regarding courses and jobs in film industry.						
	We are also exploring trips to studios						