

CURIOSITY

COMPASSION

COURAGE

QEMS

Curriculum Overview Year 10

Subject	English
Vision statement:	At Landau Forte our curriculum exists to ensure all students regardless of background and ability have the opportunity to unlock their potential. We are committed to students being challenged from their previous key stage learning experiences. Our broad and balanced curriculum is ambitious, coherently planned and sequenced, and will provide the platform for preparing students with the foundations for examination success.
	Our Curriculum Intent has been informed by a wide variety of researchers and is steeped in evidence based research. Christine Counsell summarises the aspiration of our curriculum to empower all learners creating a pathway to success in university, their career and life:
	'A curriculum exists to change the pupil, to give the pupil new power. One acid test for a curriculum is whether it enables even lower attaining or disadvantaged pupils to clamber into the discourse and practices of educated people, so that they gain powers of the powerful.'
	As well as excellent academic success we aim to ensure our students leave us as polite and well-rounded young adults. Our new core values of Compassion, Courage and Curiosity are currently being embedded throughout our curriculum offer to ensure we continue to meet our social, emotional, spiritual and moral obligations.
Curriculum intent:	English holds a privileged position within the curriculum as both a core subject and one that unlocks learning in other subjects. It has the capacity to help remove disadvantage and improve the social mobility of young people who may lack opportunities and face barriers in their lives. Through the delivery of our knowledge- based curriculum, we want students to:
	• Become fluent readers with an appreciation of literature, and an understanding of how it shapes and reflects the world we live in.
	Develop compassion by teaching empathy and gaining insights in to the human condition
	 Be empowered to articulate viewpoints and ideas with courage and clarity in both the spoken and written form.
	 Be able to connect their learning in English with the knowledge and skills needed for work and lifelong learning. Develop their vocabulary in order to narrow the word gap that limits literacy and understanding
	Through the study of both English Language and Literature, students are constantly exploring British values and many aspects of the PSHE programme of study. Literary and non-literary texts have been selected that develop students' understanding of key themes such as: law, morals, political beliefs, freedom and repression, war, different cultures and beliefs, physical and emotional wellbeing, relationships, power and conflict and responsibilities. They are provided with the opportunity to discuss and debate ideas and relate fictional characters and their situations to the real world. Deep learning of knowledge in the aforementioned areas is intended to inspire curiosity in our students and encourage them to ask questions about the world they live in.
	At LFA QEMS, we teach a knowledge rich curriculum that supports students in mastering the ideas, concepts and stories that shape our world. Topics are interleaved so that knowledge is retained and mastered, and skills are acquired more quickly. Low stakes quizzing, knowledge organisers and metacognitive strategies are used routinely to support learning and allow students to recognise the gaps in their own knowledge.

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Threshold Concepts (TCs):	 Developing knowledge of effective A text is a construct which possess Texts are influenced by the context Texts are written for a variety of di Literature provides a gateway into present and future. [TC7] Texts may explore numerous them There are many ways to explore a to 10. Writer's methods are intentional of 11. There are many literary theories with 2. Successful communication is organ Meaningful viewpoints and perspective 	ad meaning. [TC1] bulary unlocks understanding of the wider world and c listening and oracy develops acquisition and applicati es a form, is written in a particular style and has a stru- t in which they are written in, as well as, the context in fferent genres and for different purposes and audience different interpretations of what it meant to be human es. [TC8] text through: summary, synthesis, analysis, evaluation hoices made by writers in order to achieve effects. [TC6 which may be used to enhance the exploration of a text ised and cohesive. [TC12] ectives are underpinned by thesis. [TC13]	on of the language, as well as, reading and writing. [TC3] acture which contributes towards meaning. [TC4] a which they are received. [TC5] ares. [TC6] an in the past and what it means across time including the an and comparison. [TC9] C10] c. [TC11]	
KS2 National Curriculum summary:	The National Curriculum for English reflects linguistically. Spoken language underpins the developing their vocabulary and grammar as pupils' confidence and competence in spok The programmes of study for reading at key • word reading • comprehension (both listening and It is essential that teaching focuses on deve reading involves both the speedy working of words. Underpinning both is the understan early teaching of reading to beginners (i.e. the	the importance of spoken language in pupils' develop the development of reading and writing. The quality and and their understanding for reading and writing. Teach en language and listening skills. y stages 1 and 2 consist of two dimensions: reading) loping pupils' competence in both dimensions; different but of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (co ding that the letters on the page represent the sounds unskilled readers) when they start school. riting at key stages 1 and 2 are constructed similarly to	ment across the whole curriculum – cognitively, socially an d variety of language that pupils hear and speak are vital fo ers should therefore ensure the continual development of nt kinds of teaching are needed for each. Skilled word lecoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed in spoken words. This is why phonics is emphasised in the	pr

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MPASS S	composition (art	iculating ideas and structu	ring them in speech and wri	ting)		UN PAS
		-	dimensions. In addition, pu es of study for composition.		n, revise and evaluate their	writing. These aspects
	understand the relations	hips between words, how t	oulary arise naturally from th to understand nuances in m work out and clarify the mea	eaning, and how to develo	p their understanding of, a	ind ability to use,
	Programme of Study for	Key Stage 2 English link				
Learner skills:	Critical thinking	Organisation	Collaboration	Adaptability	Oracy	Self-quizzing
	CRITICAL THINKING	ORGANISATION	COLLABORATION	ADAPTABILITY	ORACY	SELF QUIZZING
	Term 1 Aug-Oct	Term 2 Nov-Dec	Term 3 Jan-Feb	Term 4 Mar-Apr	Term 5 Apr-May	Term 6 Jun-Jul
he Big Question		Year 10: Why can	ideas in English writing be i	nterpreted differently dep	ending on context?	
Big picture questions:	How does Dickens conve Christmas Carol?	y his moral message in A	How does Priestley use th inspire his audience to cha		How do poets create sim variety of methods?	ilar meanings using a
Content (Linked to TCs):	<u>A Christmas Carol</u> Linked to TCs 1-15 with emphasis on:	<u>A Christmas Carol</u> Linked to TCs 1-15 with emphasis on:	An Inspector Calls Linked to TCs 1-15 with emphasis on:	An Inspector Calls Linked to TCs 1-15 with emphasis on:	Power and Conflict Poetry (Romanticism) (including Unseen)	Power and Conflict Poetry (Romanticism (including Unseen)
	A text is a construct which possesses a	A text is a construct which possesses a	Texts are written for a variety of different	Texts are written for a variety of different	Linked to TCs 1-15 with emphasis on:	Linked to TCs 1-15 w emphasis on:
	form, is written in a	form, is written in a	genres and for different purposes and audiences.	genres and for different	A text is a construct	A text is a construct
	particular style and has	particular style and has		purposes and	which possesses a	which possesses a



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contributes towards	contributes towards	Literature provides a	Literature provides a	a structure which	a structure which
meaning. [TC4]	meaning. [TC4]	gateway into different	gateway into different	contributes towards	contributes towards
Texts are influenced the context in which they are written in, a well as, the context which they are received. [TC5] Writer's methods ar intentional choices made by writers in order to achieve	the context in which they are written in, as well as, the context in which they are received. [TC5]	interpretations of what it meant to be human in the past and what it means across time including the present and future. [TC7]	interpretations of what it meant to be human in the past and what it means across time including the present and future. [TC7]	meaning. [TC4] Texts are influenced by the context in which they are written in, as well as, the context in which they are received. [TC5] Writer's methods are intentional choices made by writers in	meaning. [TC4] Texts are influenced by the context in which they are written in, as well as, the context in which they are received. [TC5] Writer's methods are intentional choices made by writers in
effects. [TC10]	effects. [TC10]			order to achieve	order to achieve
		Creative Writing	Exploring Writers'	effects. [TC10]	effects. [TC10]
Explorations in Creat Reading Linked to TCs 1-15 w emphasis on: A text is a construct which possesses a form, is written in a particular style and l a structure which contributes towards meaning. [TC4] Writer's methods ar intentional choices made by writers in	Linked to TCs 1-15 with emphasis on: English is about communication and meaning. [TC1] Successful communication is organised and cohesive. [TC1]	Linked to TCs 1-15 with emphasis on: English is about communication and meaning. [TC1] Successful communication is organised and cohesive. [TC1] Accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar contribute towards successful communication. [TC15]	Exploring writersViewpoints andPerspectivesLinked to TCs 1-15 withemphasis on:Writer's methods areintentional choicesmade by writers inorder to achieveeffects. [TC10]There are many ways toexplore a text through:summary, synthesis,analysis, evaluation andcomparison. [TC9]Meaningful viewpointsand perspectives are	Transactional Writing Linked to TCs 1-15 with emphasis on: English is about communication and meaning. [TC1] Successful communication is organised and cohesive. [TC12] Accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar contribute towards successful communication. [TC15]	Transactional Writing Linked to TCs 1-15 with emphasis on: English is about communication and meaning. [TC1] Successful communication is organised and cohesive. [TC12] Accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar contribute towards successful communication. [TC15]

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	order to achieve effects. [TC10] Better arguments are supported by evidence. [TC14]			underpinned by thesis. [TC13]	Transactional Writing Linked to TCs 1-15 with emphasis on: English is about communication and meaning. [TC1] Successful communication is organised and cohesive. [TC12] Accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar contribute towards successful	
Vocabulary Instruction:	novella, stave, ignorance, redemption, covetous, sir spectre, condemned, jovi understand, identify, expl evaluate, describe, narrative; empa	nner, solitary, poverty, al ain, analyse, structure,	mouthpiece, advocate, social injustice, social responsibility, righteous, sardonic, mysterious, arrogance, prejudice, supercilious, remorseless, compassionate, sensitive, remorseful, reckless, immature, evasive, pragmatic, emblematic, vulnerable, principle	understand, identify, explain, analyse, structure, viewpoint, perspective, argue, persuade	communication. [TC15] sublime, nature, individua religion, outcasts of socie	

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Assessment:		'Starting with this extract, how does Dickens present Scrooge as a changed man?'		'How does Priestley present Sheila as a character who learns important lessons about herself and society?		PPE
Key/Historical misconceptions in this unit:	A Christmas Carol: Authorial intent, more focus on language, form and structure, essay skills Language Paper 1 Focus on language, form and structure rather than recount and essay skills		An Inspector Calls Authorial intent, essay skills Creative Writing: Planning, implementing the skills taught into their own writing	Language Paper 2 Focus on the writers' viewpoints, attitudes and how they convey them		Power and Conflict Poetry (Romanticism)Focus on language, form and structure rather than recount.Importance of comparison and essay skillsTransactional WritingForming a clear opinion and developing a logical line of argument is essential. Do not start with 'I agree/disagree with the statement' – awareness of audience and purpose
Sequencing:	We have chosen to sequence the year 10 curriculum like this because beginning with 'A Christmas Carol' in Term One and Two will immediately engage pupil interest, introducing the key skills of analysis, understanding context and writer's intent. We will then be able to utilise this focus on writer's methods as inspiration for the writing skills required for the GCSE English language course. The poetry focus will then build on the key skills introduced in Term One/Two but introduce comparative skills alongside this new content. By focusing on the English language skills required for paper 2 alongside the poems, we will be able to emphasise the transferable skills: analysis, writer's intent and comparison. Term Five and Six will introduce further required content whilst further building on the key skills which run throughout the course.					

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Values	This scheme of work promotes the scho	ol values of Compassion, Curiosity and Courage by:		<u> </u>		
	-	petry expose students to perspectives they would be unlik onal intelligence as, in the words of Harper Lee: "You neve his skin and walk around in it."				
	Exposing students to texts such as A Christmas Carol and An Inspector Calls, as well as the contextual knowledge surrounding these, promotes curiosity by inspiring students to complete wider reading, and influences them to choose more varied texts when reading for pleasure. The open ended questions used within lessons reinforces the need for deeper thinking.					
	-	e and take chances in their own work in order to strive to a Birling and Eva Smith in An Inspector Calls and is integral s importance.				
National Curriculum plus:	which will enhance their developing life	ments of the National Curriculum, we also include the opp skills. By providing the opportunity for discussion and deb and repression, different cultures and beliefs, physical and	pate we introduce them to key concepts which inclu	ude: the		