

CURIOSITY

COMPASSION

COURAGE

QEMS

Curriculum Overview Year 7

Subject	English
Vision statement:	At Landau Forte our curriculum exists to ensure all students regardless of background and ability have the opportunity to unlock their potential. We are committed to students being challenged from their previous key stage learning experiences. Our broad and balanced curriculum is ambitious, coherently planned and sequenced, and will provide the platform for preparing students with the foundations for examination success.
	Our Curriculum Intent has been informed by a wide variety of researchers and is steeped in evidence based research. Christine Counsell summarises the aspiration of our curriculum to empower all learners creating a pathway to success in university, their career and life:
	'A curriculum exists to change the pupil, to give the pupil new power. One acid test for a curriculum is whether it enables even lower attaining or disadvantaged pupe to clamber into the discourse and practices of educated people, so that they gain powers of the powerful.'
	As well as excellent academic success we aim to ensure our students leave us as polite and well-rounded young adults. Our new core values of Compassion, Courag and Curiosity are currently being embedded throughout our curriculum offer to ensure we continue to meet our social, emotional, spiritual and moral obligations.
Curriculum intent:	English holds a privileged position within the curriculum as both a core subject and one that unlocks learning in other subjects. It has the capacity to help remove disadvantage and improve the social mobility of young people who may lack opportunities and face barriers in their lives. Through the delivery of our knowledge-based curriculum, we want students to:
	• Become fluent readers with an appreciation of literature, and an understanding of how it shapes and reflects the world we live in.
	 Develop compassion by teaching empathy and gaining insights in to the human condition
	 Be empowered to articulate viewpoints and ideas with courage and clarity in both the spoken and written form.
	 Be able to connect their learning in English with the knowledge and skills needed for work and lifelong learning.
	Develop their vocabulary in order to narrow the word gap that limits literacy and understanding
	Through the study of both English Language and Literature, students are constantly exploring British values and many aspects of the PSHE programme of study. Literary and non-literary texts have been selected that develop students' understanding of key themes such as: law, morals, political beliefs, freedom and repressio war, different cultures and beliefs, physical and emotional wellbeing, relationships, power and conflict and responsibilities. They are provided with the opportunity discuss and debate ideas and relate fictional characters and their situations to the real world. Deep learning of knowledge in the aforementioned areas is intended inspire curiosity in our students and encourage them to ask questions about the world they live in.
	At LFA QEMS, we teach a knowledge rich curriculum that supports students in mastering the ideas, concepts and stories that shape our world. Topics are interleave so that knowledge is retained and mastered, and skills are acquired more quickly. Low stakes quizzing, knowledge organisers and metacognitive strategies are used routinely to support learning and allow students to recognise the gaps in their own knowledge.

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Threshold	A good student of English understands that					
Concepts (TCs):	 Developing knowledge of effective A text is a construct which possess Texts are influenced by the contex Texts are written for a variety of di Literature provides a gateway into and future. [TC7] Texts may explore numerous them There are many ways to explore a Writer's methods are intentional of There are many literary theories w Successful communication is organ Meaningful viewpoints and perspective 	bulary unlocks understanding of the wider world and oppor listening and oracy develops acquisition and application of es a form, is written in a particular style and has a structure t in which they are written in, as well as, the context in whi fferent genres and for different purposes and audiences. [" different interpretations of what it meant to be human in thes. [TC8] text through: summary, synthesis, analysis, evaluation and choices made by writers in order to achieve effects. [TC10] which may be used to enhance the exploration of a text. [TC ised and cohesive. [TC12] ectives are underpinned by thesis. [TC13]	f the language, as well as, reading and writing. [TC e which contributes towards meaning. [TC4] ch they are received. [TC5] TC6] the past and what it means across time including t d comparison. [TC9]			
KS2 National Curriculum summary:	The National Curriculum for English reflects the importance of spoken language in pupils' development across the whole curriculum – cognitively, socially and linguistically. Spoken language underpins the development of reading and writing. The quality and variety of language that pupils hear and speak are vital for developing their vocabulary and grammar and their understanding for reading and writing. Teachers should therefore ensure the continual development of pupils' confidence and competence in spoken language and listening skills.					
	 involves both the speedy working out of the Underpinning both is the understanding tha reading to beginners (i.e. unskilled readers) For writing, the programmes of study for we transcription (spelling and handwrite) 	l reading) loping pupils' competence in both dimensions; different kir e pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and it the letters on the page represent the sounds in spoken w when they start school. riting at key stages 1 and 2 are constructed similarly to thos	the speedy recognition of familiar printed words. ords. This is why phonics is emphasised in the earl	_		

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(MPASSIS	• • • • •	competence in these two dir to the programmes of study		are taught how to plan, rev	ise and evaluate their writin	g. These aspects of writing
	understand the relationshi	to enhance pupils' vocabula ps between words, how to u pupils how to work out and o	inderstand nuances in mean	ing, and how to develop the	ir understanding of, and abi	
	Programme of Study for Ke	ey Stage 2 English link				
Learner skills:	Critical thinking	Organisation	Collaboration	Adaptability	Oracy	Self-quizzing
	CRITICAL THINKING	ORGANISATION	COLLABORATION	ADAPTABILITY	ORACY	SELF QUIZZING
	Term 1 Aug-Oct	Term 2 Nov-Dec	Term 3 Jan-Feb	Term 4 Mar-Apr	Term 5 Apr-May	Term 6 Jun-Jul
The Big Question	Year 7: Why are morals important in English Literature?					
Big picture questions:	*FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT* Oliver Twist: 'What kind of character is the Artful Dodger?'	*SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT* Oliver Twist: 'What kind of character is Bill Sikes?'	*FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT* A Midsummer Night's Dream: What kind of character is Helena?	*SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT* A Midsummer Night's Dream: 'Is the love potion good or bad?'	*SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT* Poetry Anthology: 'How does the poet describe the tom cat?'	Creative Writing How do I write a short story?
Content (Linked to TCs):	Life in Victorian London, Victorian crime, the form of a novel, Bill Sikes, Fagin, the Artful Dodger, Oliver, Morality. TCs 1-15 with a particular emphasis on TC10 (writer's methods – are intentional choices made by writers in order	Life in Victorian London, Victorian crime, the form of a novel, Bill Sikes, Fagin, the Artful Dodger, Oliver, Morality. TCs 1-15 with a particular emphasis on TC10 (writer's methods – are intentional choices made by writers in order	Elizabethan England and life in Ancient Athens is explored, as well as Shakespeare's own life. Knowledge includes the characterisation of the four lovers and their important experiences of the love potion. Students will also learn how plays	Elizabethan England and life in Ancient Athens is explored, as well as Shakespeare's own life. Knowledge includes the characterisation of the four lovers and their important experiences of the love potion. Students will also learn how plays	Knowledge includes analysing structural features of poems and deconstructing metaphors. Students will learn a variety of poetic forms underpinned by their study of poems such as 'The Tyger' and 'The Eagle' as well as the	Creative Writing 1.1 - The foundations of short stories Creative Writing 1.2 - Creating Coherence in short stories Creative Writing 1.3 – Writing a full story

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to achieve effects) and TC7 (Literature provides a gateway into different interpretations of what it meant to be human in the past and across time, including the present and future).	to achieve effects) and TC7 (Literature provides a gateway into different interpretations of what it meant to be human in the past and across time, including the present and future).	are formed of acts and scenes. TCs 1-15 with a particular emphasis on TC13 (meaningful viewpoints and perspectives are underpinned by a thesis) and TC9 (there are many ways to explore a text through summary, synthesis, analysis, evaluation and comparison).	are formed of acts and scenes. TCs 1-15 with a particular emphasis on TC13 (meaningful viewpoints and perspectives are underpinned by a thesis) and TC9 (there are many ways to explore a text through summary, synthesis, analysis, evaluation and comparison).	contextual relevance of poet's lives. TCs 1-15 with a particular emphasis on TC8 (texts may explore numerous themes), TC12 (successful communication is organised and cohesive), TC13 (meaningful viewpoints and perspectives are underpinned by a thesis) and TC14 (better arguments are supported by evidence).	TCs 1,2, 4, 6, 10, 12 + 15	
Villains, victims, vulnerable, corrupt, naïve, orphan, moral	Villains, victims, vulnerable, corrupt, naïve, orphan, moral	Soliloquy, severe, conflict, unrequited love, to mock, chaos	Soliloquy, severe, conflict, unrequited love, to mock, chaos	Metaphor, literal language, metaphorical language, tenor, vehicle, ground	Structure, ingredients, action, focus, character, ending, action, challenge, struggle, coherence, set up, pay off, Apply knowledge: plan, draft, write, edit	
	Summative assessment: 'What kind of character is Bill Sikes?'		Summative Assessment: 'Is the love potion good or bad?'	Summative Assessment: 'How does the poet describe the tom cat?'	Summative Assessment Write a short story	
The importance of context, application of vocabulary	How to structure an analytical essay effectively rather than writing a recount	The importance of context, the difficulties of accessing Shakespearian language	How to structure an analytical essay effectively rather than writing a recount	Difficulties in accessing and interpreting metaphorical language	Grammatical misconceptions (identified in Writing Mastery)	
	to achieve effects) and TC7 (Literature provides a gateway into different interpretations of what it meant to be human in the past and across time, including the present and future). Villains, victims, vulnerable, corrupt, naïve, orphan, moral The importance of context, application of	to achieve effects) and TC7 (Literature provides a gateway into different interpretations of what it meant to be human in the past and across time, including the present and future).to achieve effects) and TC7 (Literature provides a gateway into different interpretations of what it meant to be human in the past and across time, including the present and future).Villains, victims, vulnerable, corrupt, naïve, orphan, moralVillains, victims, vulnerable, corrupt, naïve, orphan, moralSummative assessment: 'What kind of character is Bill Sikes?'Summative assessment: 'What kind of character is Bill Sikes?'The importance of context, application of vocabularyHow to structure an analytical essay effectively rather than	to achieve effects) and TC7 (Literature provides a gateway into different interpretations of what it meant to be human in the past and across time, including the present and future).to achieve effects) and TC7 (Literature provides a gateway into different interpretations of what it meant to be human in the past and across time, including the present and future).are formed of acts and scenes.Villains, victims, vulnerable, corrupt, naïve, orphan, moralVillains, victims, vulnerable, corrupt, naïve, orphan, moralTo achieve effects) and TC7 (Literature provides a gateway into different interpretations of what it meant to be human in the past and across time, including the present and future).are formed of acts and scenes.Villains, victims, vulnerable, corrupt, naïve, orphan, moralVillains, victims, vulnerable, corrupt, naïve, orphan, moralTo achieve effects) and TC7 (Literature provides a gateway into different including the present and future).are formed of acts and scenes.Villains, victims, vulnerable, corrupt, naïve, orphan, moralVillains, victims, vulnerable, corrupt, naïve, orphan, moralSoliloquy, severe, conflict, unrequited love, to mock, chaosThe importance of context, application of vocabularyHow to structure an analytical essay effectively rather thanThe importance of context, the difficulties of accessing	to achieve effects) and TC7 (Literature provides a gateway into different interpretations of what it meant to be human in the past and across time, including the present and future).to achieve effects) and TC3 (Literature provides a gateway into different interpretations of what it meant to be human in the past and across time, including the present and future).are formed of acts and scenes.are formed of acts and scenes.TC3 1-15 with a particular emphasis on TC13 (meaningful viewpoints and perspectives are underpinned by a thesis) and TC9 (there are many ways to explore a text through summary, synthesis, analysis, evaluation and comparison).TC3 (T15 with a particular emphasis on TC13 (meaningful viewpoints and perspectives are underpinned by a thesis) and TC9 (there are many ways to explore a text through summary, synthesis, analysis, evaluation and comparison).Villains, victims, vulnerable, corrupt, naïve, orphan, moralVillains, victims, vulnerable, corrupt, naïve, orphan, moralSoliloquy, severe, conflict, unrequited love, to mock, chaosSoliloquy, severe, conflict, unrequited love, to mock, chaosThe importance of context, application of vocabularyHow to structure an analytical essay effectively rather thanThe importance of context, the difficulties of accessingSummative assay effectively rather than	to achieve effects) and TC7 (Iterature provides a gateway into different interpretations of what it meant to be human in the past and across time, including the present and future).to achieve effects) and TC3 (Iterature provides a gateway into different TC3 1-15 with a particular emphasis on TC3 (meaningful viewpoints and perspectives are underpinned by a thesis) and TC9 (there are many ways to explore a text through summary, synthesis, analysis, evaluation and comparison).are formed of acts and scenes.are formed of acts and scenes.contextual relevance of poet's lives.Villains, victims, vulnerable, corrupt, naive, orphan, moralVillains, victims, vulnerable, corrupt, naive, orphan, moralVillains, victims, vulnerable, corrupt, naive, orphan, moralSoliloquy, severe, conflict, unrequited love, to mock, chaosSoliloquy, severe, conflict, unrequited love, to mock, chaosSoliloquy, severe, conflict, unrequited love, to mock, chaosMetaphor, literal language, tenor, vehicle, groundThe importance of context, application of vocabularyHow to structure an analytical essay effectively rather thanThe importance of context, the difficulties of accessingHow to structure an analytical essay effectively rather than	

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Writing	Writing Mastery 2 (stage not age): energing a story structuring a story writing with 8 without images				
Writing Mastery:	Writing Mastery 2 (stage not age): opening a story, structuring a story, writing with & without images Grammar content includes: writing in complete and full sentences; identifying the action and verb; subject-verb agreement for 'to-be', regular and irregular past simple verbs, avoiding fragments; avoiding fused sentences; using capital letters accurately; using pronouns; sentence structure; paragraphing; speech punctuat Writing content includes: telling what happened; opening a story, writing about up to four images, writing with no images, structuring a story.				
Sequencing:	We have chosen to sequence the year 7 curriculum like this because it introduces students to all the core areas of literary heritage whilst building on the skills required in a measured and coherent way.				
Values	This scheme of work promotes the school values of Compassion, Curiosity and Courage by: <i>Compassion:</i> Students will be able to showcase compassion through an understanding of characterisation and how particular characters lend themselves to empath Writers such as Shakespeare and Dickens create pathos for readers, a subject that students should be able to explore and articulate through spoken and written work.				
	<i>Curiosity:</i> Students will engage in year 7 texts that unlock curiosity through an exploration of writing that include alternative cultures, historical time periods and diverse ranges of humanity that emphasise the complex human condition. Students are encouraged to demonstrate curiosity through high-tier questioning, freque discussion and debate.				
	<i>Courage:</i> Students will demonstrate courage by being self-motivated to work towards the school's values. Students should show courage by demonstrating an excellent work ethic in every circumstance. Students should also show courage by demonstrating a willingness to read aloud to their peers and use teamwork skills act out dramatic scenes from plays where appropriate.				
National Curriculum plus:	In addition to teaching the statutory elements of the national curriculum, we provide a wide range of cross curricular links. We also include the opportunity for students to develop their own moral compass which will enhance their developing life skills. By providing the opportunity for discussion and debate we introduce them to key concepts which include: power and status, social injustice, different cultures and beliefs. Through the exploration of different writers and the time periods in which they were writing, students learn to make connections between real life social issues and the methods and reasons they are presented in English Literature.				