

Y8 Number Sense



What do I need to be able

to do?

By the end of this unit you should be able to:

- Round numbers to powers of 10 and 1 sf
- Round numbers to anu de
- Estimate solutions
- Calculate using order of operations
- Calculate with money, units of measurement and time

Keywords

Significant: Place value of importance

Round: Making a number simpler but keeping its value close to what it was.

Decimal: Place holders after the decimal point.

Overestimate: Rounding up — gives a solution higher than the actual value **Underestimate**: Rounding down — gives a solution lower than the actual value.

Metric: a system of measurement.

Balance: The amount of money in a bank account Deposit: Putting money into a bank account.

Round to powers of 10 and 1 sig. figure



5475 to the nearest 100

If the number is halfway between we "round up"

370 to I significant figure is 400 37 to 1 significant figure is 40

3.7 to I significant figure is 4

0.37 to I significant figure is 0.4

0.00037 to 1 significant figure is 0.0004

Round to the first non-zero number

5495 to the nearest 1000



5400

5500



Round to decimal places 2.46192 4

To ldp" — to one number after the decimal "To 2de" — to two numbers after the decimal

2.46 192 (to 1dp) - 1s this closer to 24 or 25



25



5000

2.46 192 (to 12dp) - Is this closer to 246 or 247



2.47

after the decimal point

2.4 6 192 This shows the number is closer to 25

2.46 192 This shows the number is closer Estimate the calculation

5475 to the nearest 10

Round to I significant figure to estimate

 $4.2 + 6.7 \approx 4. + 7 \approx 11$

This is an **overestimate** because the 6.7 was rounded up more

The equal sign changes to show it is an estimation $21.4 \times 3.1 \approx 20 \times 3 \approx 60$ This is an **underestimate** because both values were rounded down

It is good to check all calculations with an estimate in all aspects of maths - it helps you identify calculation errors.

Order of operations



Brackets Operations in brackets are calculated first

Other operations e.g. powers, roots,

Multiplication/Division

They are carried out in the order from left to right in the

Oddition/Subtraction

They are carried out in the order from left to right in the

Calculations with money

Debit - You have £0 or more in an account

Credit - You have less than £0 in an account











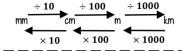
Using a calculator — ensure you are working in the correct units.

£130 + 50p = 130 + 50 (in pence)

£ | = 100p = 1.30 + 0.50 (in pouinds)



Units are important: Useful Conversions







Metric measures of length

Kilo = 1000 x meter

Milli - $\frac{1}{1000}$ x meter

Time and the calendar

I Year - the amount of time it takes Earth to go around the sun 365 (and a quarter) days

3 I days — Jan, March, May, July Oug, Oct, Dec

30 days — **Opril, June, Sept, Nov** 28 days - Feb (29 leap year)

1 week - 7 days Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday,

Iday - 24 hours I hour - 60 minutes <u>l minute</u> — 60 seconds

Use a number line for time calculations!

Units of weight/capacity

Weight = g, kg, t

Capacity (volume of liquid) = ml, L



Leap Year - 366 days (every

Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday

24-hour clock

0-11 (morning hours)



Use am (morning) and pm (afternoon)

12-23 (afternoon hours)