













**Knowledge Organiser – How does religion continue to shape culture?**

Key word	Description	Image	Key Word	Description	Image
The Ten commandments	The Ten Commandments can be understood as a moral guidebook which aim to explain how people should behave towards each other		Divorce	Divorce is the legal ending of a marriage. In Britain, divorce is allowed after one year if the marriage cannot be saved. There are many reasons for divorce. The reasons may include: Adultery.	
Retribution	Retribution means to give an equivalent or returned punishment for a crime. It suggests a victim taking vengeance. for a crime by making the criminal suffer.		Vow	Sacred voluntary promise to dedicate oneself or members of one's family or community to a special obligation that goes beyond usual social or religious requirements	
Reformation	The English Reformation describes England's separation from the Catholic Church and the creation of the Church of England under the reigns of King Henry VIII and his three children.		Abstinence	The practice of restraining oneself from indulging in something	
Marriage	Marriage is a legal and sometimes religious, union between two people as partners in a relationship. It is a lifelong public commitment. The legal contract brings security as it protects the rights of each partner.		Homosexuality	Liking someone of the same gender - usually sexually	
Tear fund	Tearfund is an international Christian relief and development agency based in Teddington, UK. It currently works in around 50 countries, with a primary focus on supporting those in poverty and providing disaster relief for disadvantaged communities		NGO's	NGOs are typically non-profit institutions. They are sometimes called civil society organisations and are established on community, national, and international levels to serve a social or political goal such as a humanitarian cause or the protection of the environment.	

## Key Questions

<b>How have UK laws been influenced by religion?</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● Some people say that many of the laws of the UK have their roots in Christianity. For example, there are laws that reflect the Ten Commandments, which forbid stealing and murder</li><li>● England has an established church - one that is recognised by law as the official church of the nation. This church is called the Church of England</li><li>● School holidays and public holidays in the UK are often based around Christian festivals. For instance, schools have a Christmas holiday, and Christmas Day and Boxing Day are public holidays for all UK workers.</li><li>● The Monarch of England, as well as being the country's most senior monarch, is also officially the 'supreme governor' of the established church and 'Defender of the Faith'.</li></ul>
<b>To what extent are religious views about marriage and relationship relevant today?</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● Purpose of marriage</li><li>● New ways of getting married (i.e. not in a church)</li><li>● LGBTQ+</li><li>● Religious statistics</li></ul>
<b>To what extent is religion a positive impact on the world today?</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● Religion is a key part of a person's identity.</li><li>● Teaches children about their faith and gives a purpose in life.</li><li>● Way for the religion to continue.</li><li>● Initiation ceremonies welcome children into the faith.</li></ul>